BUILDING INFORMATION MODELLING MODELOWANIE DANYCH BUDOWLANYCH

Introduction to Building Information Modelling

Adam Glema Poznań University of Technology PKN-KT 232-GP2 CEN-TC 442-WG1-WG4



BUILDING jelekte eb znim Ridoverdo Baneizo Zatika Dartez Sectok ne petalekto i de repozitoz Po Zatekta nezo p V Urzędzie Miasta trzęsienie ziemi INFORMATION •MODELling 1. «message or communicate something» LEGO 2x4 W0.2W/0 Klasyfikacja Klocek Długość 31.8 mm Szerokość 15.8 mm Wysakość 11.4 mm Masa 3.1 g Kolar Czerwony Material Wytrzymałość 35 MPa Przenikalność ieplna Gwarancja 2 lata Lego Systems A/S Producent service@lego.dk Kontakt 79 50 60 70 www.lego.dk



Example: • brick • wall • wall • Window • chair ALPHANUMERIC INFORMATION









1. «message or communicate something»



30 min



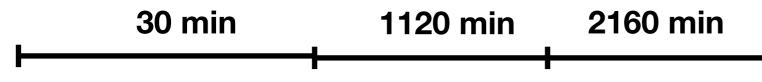




TO: 404-555-1212 MESSAGE:

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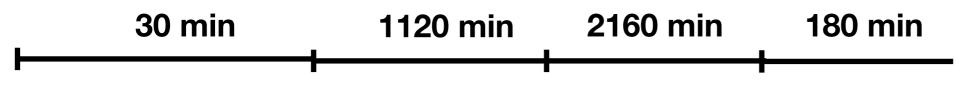






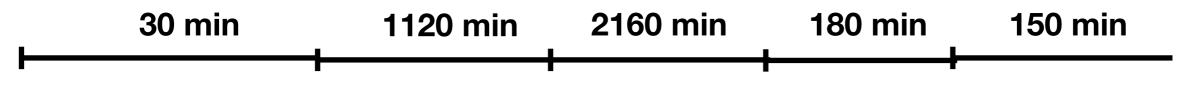




































1. «message or communicate something»







SMS 1 424 000 : 1 TELEGRAM









- 1. «message about something or communicate something »
- 2. «office/institution department/desk»





- 1. «message about something or co
- 2. «office/institution department/ucs»
- 3. «data processed by computer»
 - explicit / public
 - protected / internal
 - confidential
 - secret

• up-to-date

3x230/400 V

-25 do 70°C

- complete
- clear
- available
- controlled
- easy to modify
- drawingphoto

• text

• video

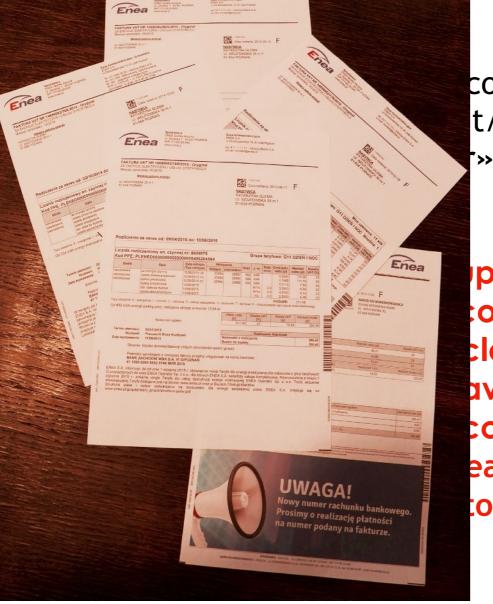
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- data
-
- model



- specify
- write
- order
- transmit
- read
- process
- present
- archive
- encrypt
- delete

•BUILDING •INFORMATION

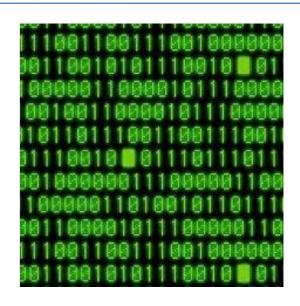




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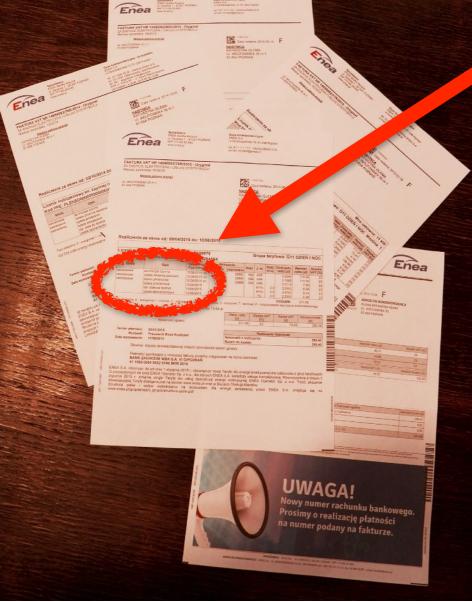
- text
- drawing
- photo
- video
- data
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- model





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•BUILDING •INFORMATION





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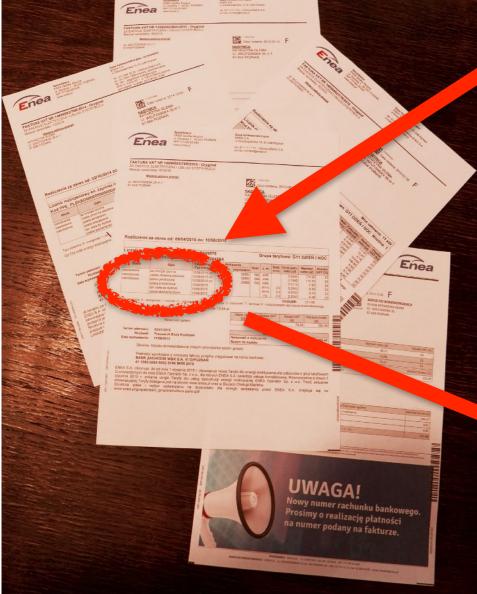
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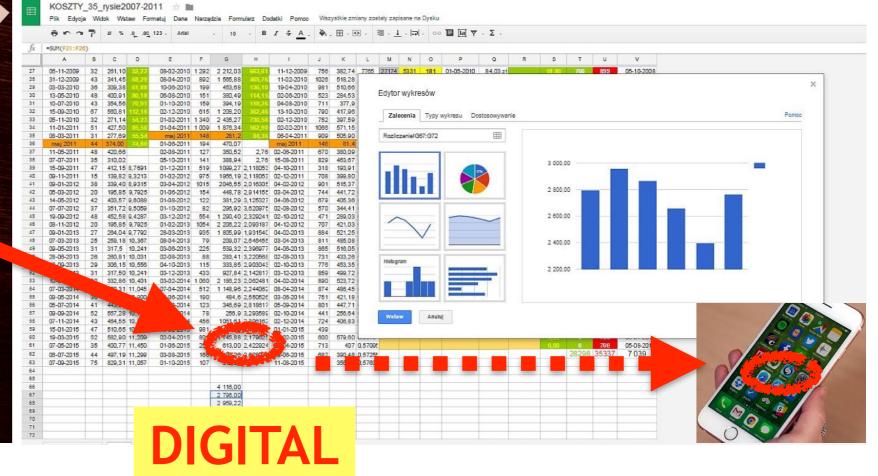
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•BUILDING •INFORMATION



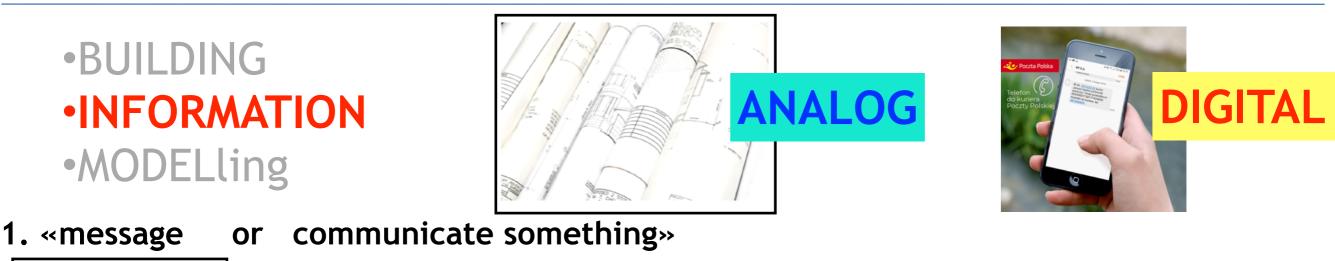




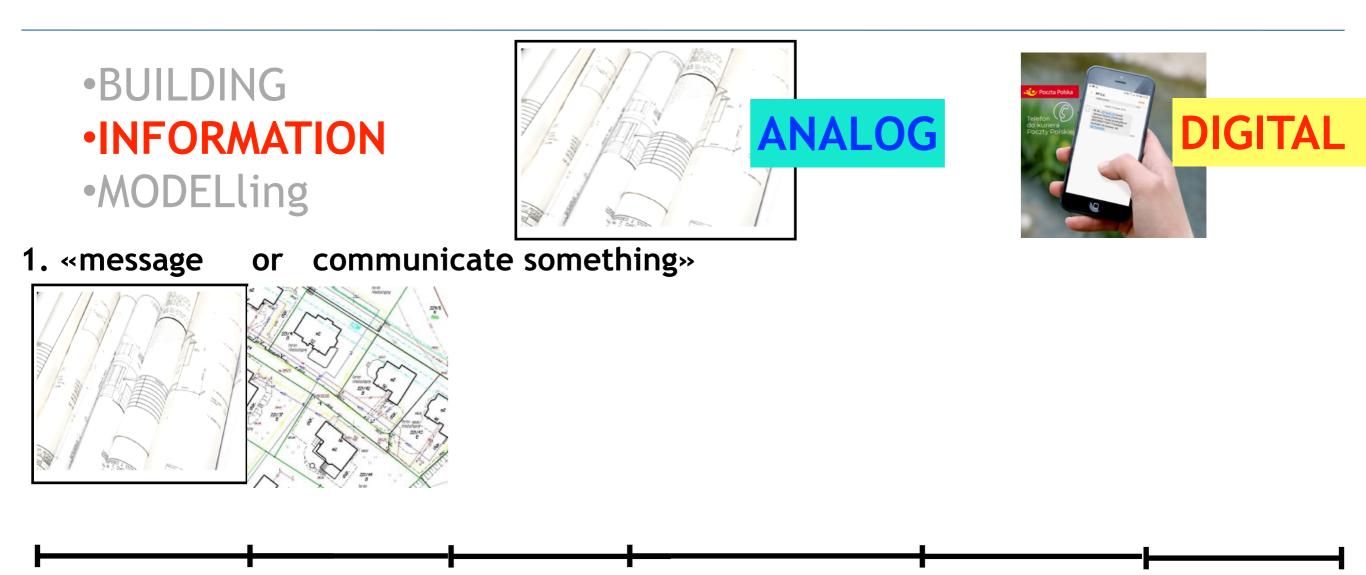




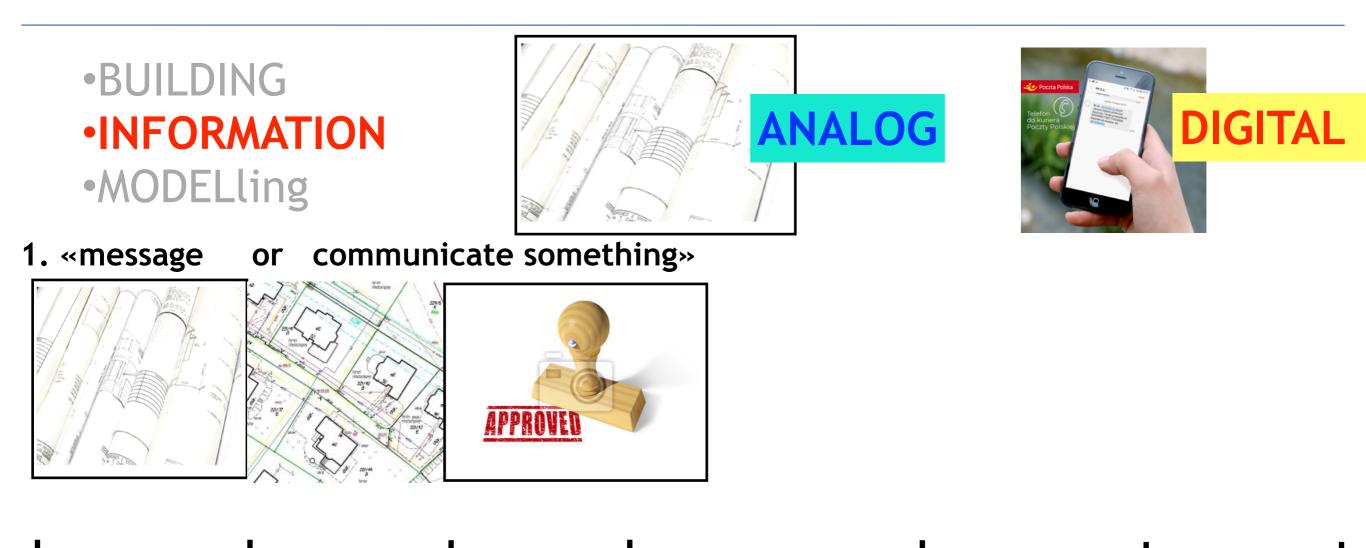




Concept & Designing of investment assets Paper version of Tech Documentation



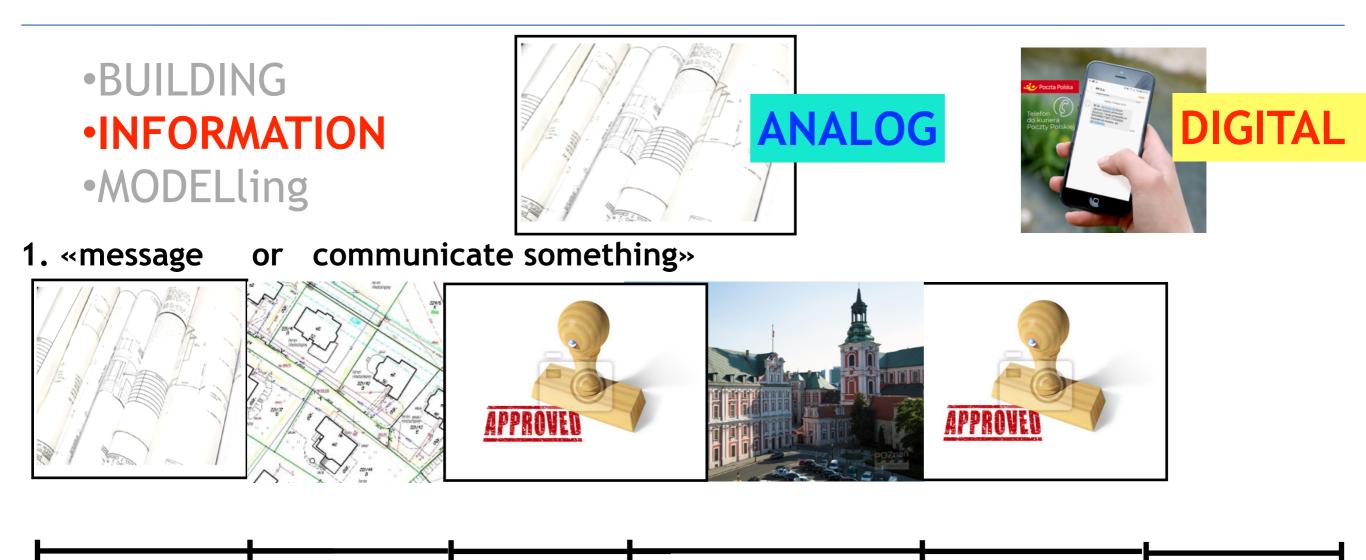
Obtaining geodesy & geotechnical data Paper Location Maps



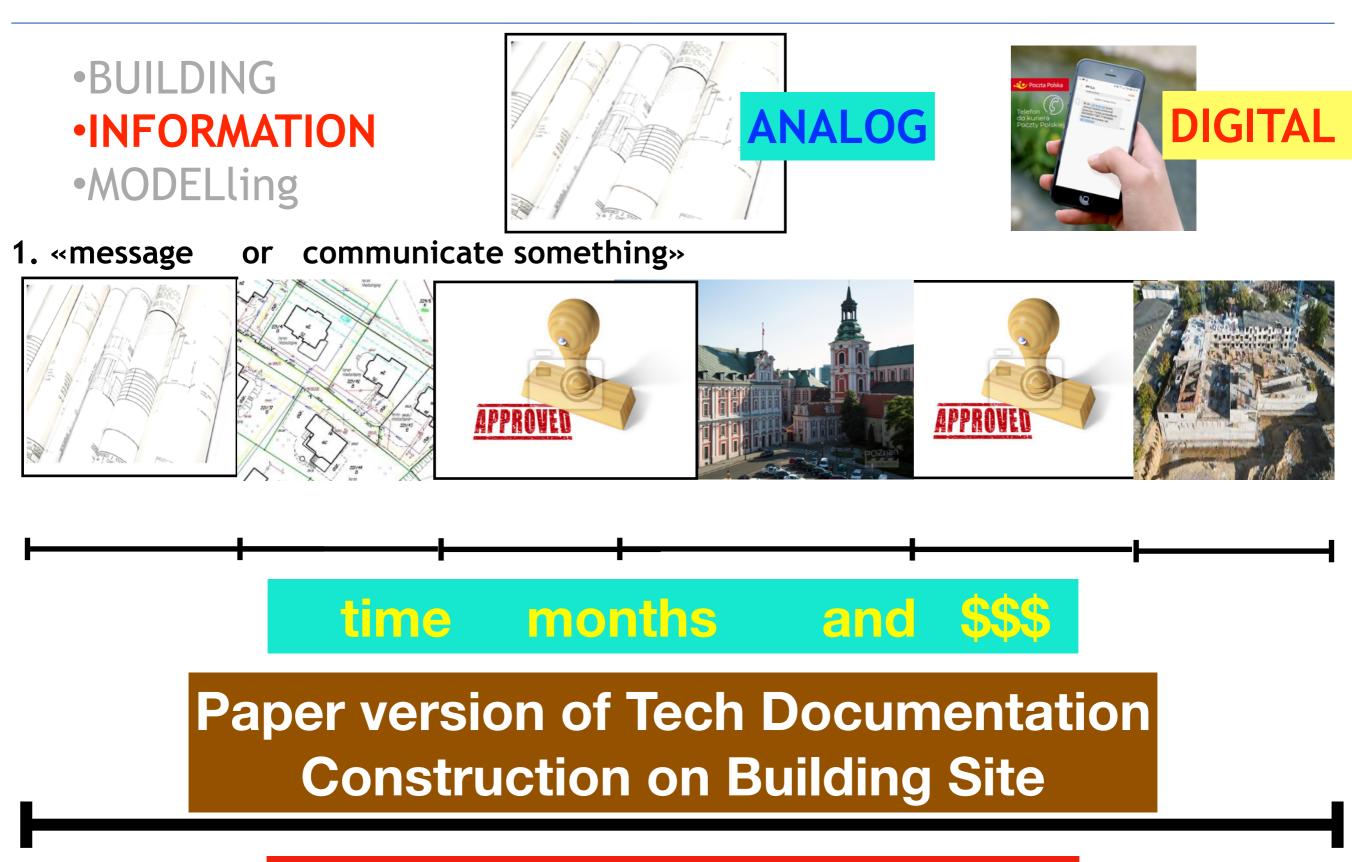
Approved Location Maps Paper version of Admin Decision



Submission for Building Permit Paper version of Docs



Approved Building Permit Paper version of Admin Decision



time days



•BUILDING DIGITAL ANALOG INFORMATION •MODELling communicate something» 1. «message or APPROVED APPROVED **Digital Building** Permit CAD

BIM

BIM-MODEL-INFORMATION

CHECK



1. «message or communicate something»

Traditional ANALOG Building Permit

DIGITAL Building Permit - DataBase - BIG Data

BUILDING INFORMATION MODELling OPERATIONS for INFORMATION NEW MOVE ACT OLD

write present delete archive encrypt order specify read transmit process

OPERATIONS for INFORMATION

NEW	MOVE	ACT	OLD
create	order	approve	archive
generate	transmit	review	delete
deliver	exchange	retrive	encrypt
specify	process	assemble	erase
model	present	federate	write
read	manage	accept	store
versione	modify	verify	

NEW

create	INPUT	OUTPUT
model	no information	information exists
generate	information requirement	delivery of information
specify deliver	no owner of information	owner use
read	no user of information	single use
version	random name/numer	keep name/number order

NEW	MOVE	ACT	OLD
create	order	approve	archive
generate	transmit	review	delete
deliver	exchange	retrive	encrypt
specify	process	assemble	erase
model	present	federate	write
read	manage	accept	store
versione	modify	verify	

MOVE

order

transmit

exchange

process

present

manage

modify

NEW	MOVE	ACT	OLD
create	order	approve	archive
generate	transmit	review	delete
deliver	exchange	retrive	encrypt
specify	process	assemble	erase
model	present	federate	write
read	manage	accept	store
versione	modify	verify	

INPUT	OUTPUT
information exists	information acquisition
requirement to move	information new delivery
information primary owner	owner shares use
single use	collaborative use
single access	multiple access
work in progress data state	shared data state

ACT

review

verify

retrive

approve

assemble

federate

accept

NEW	MOVE	ACT	OLD
create	order	approve	archive
generate	transmit	review	delete
deliver	exchange	retrive	encrypt
specify	process	assemble	erase
model	present	federate	write
read	manage	accept	store
versione	modify	verify	

INPUT	OUTPUT
information checking	updated quality
stated requirements	requirements fulfilled
work in progress data state	shared data state
one branch BIM model	merged multi model
new delivered model	designer + proofreader

OLD

write

store

encrypt

archive

erase

delete

NEW	MOVE	ACT	OLD
create	order	approve	archive
generate	transmit	review	delete
deliver	exchange	retrive	encrypt
specify	process	assemble	erase
model	present	federate	write
read	manage	accept	store
versione	modify	verify	

INPUT	OUTPUT
work in progress data state	published data state
share exchange information	after project status
open alive acts	no more full access
information in containers	information in storage
constant access service	warehouse service

- 1. «message about something or communicate something »
- 2. «office/institution department/desk»
- 3. «data processed by computer»
 - explicit / public
 - protected / internal
 - confidential
 - secret

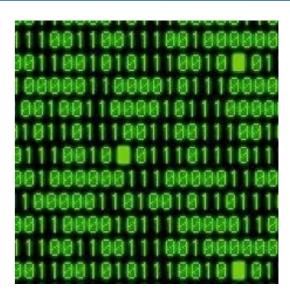
- up-to-date
- complete
 - clear
 - available
 - controlled
 - easy to modify

drawingphoto

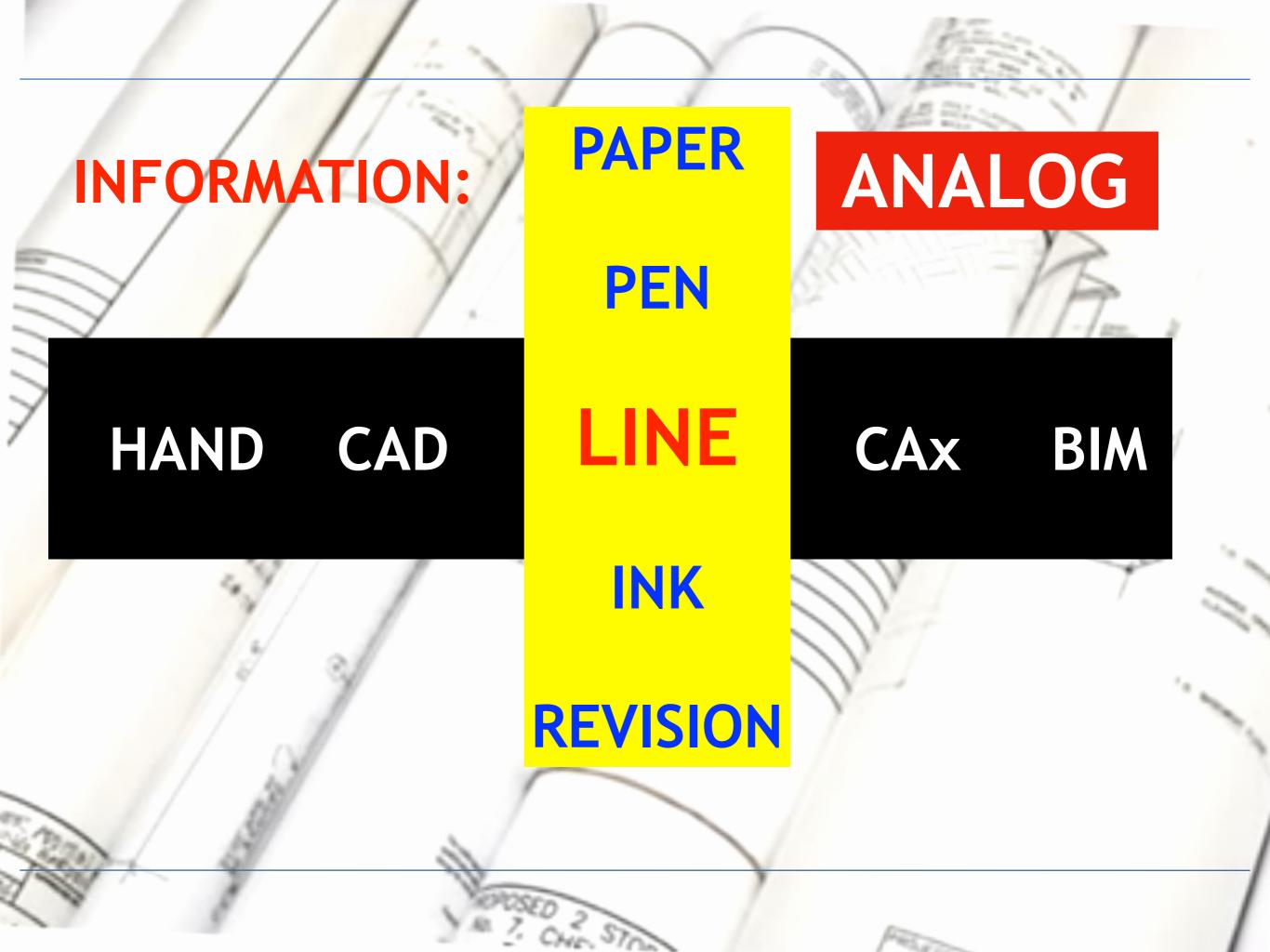
• text

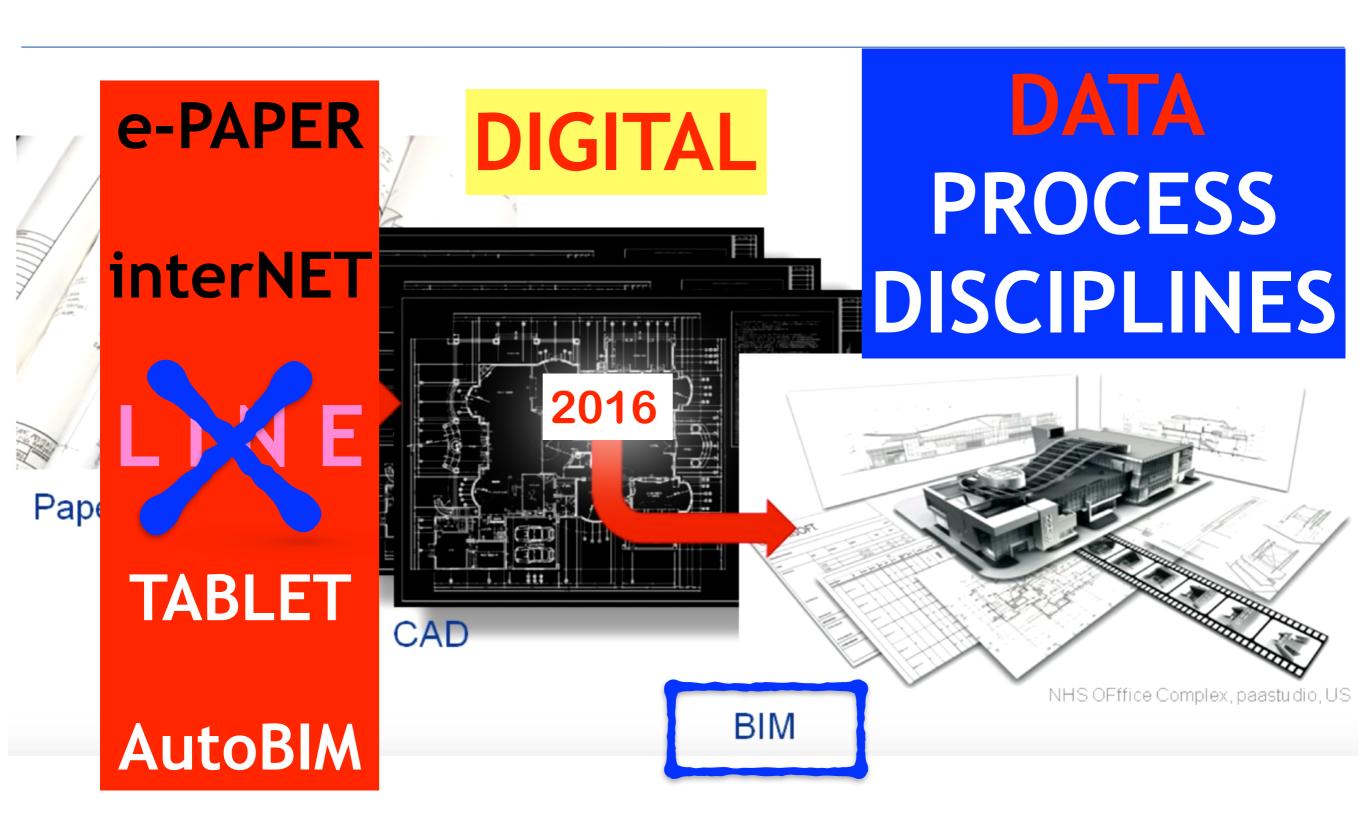
- video
- data
-
- model

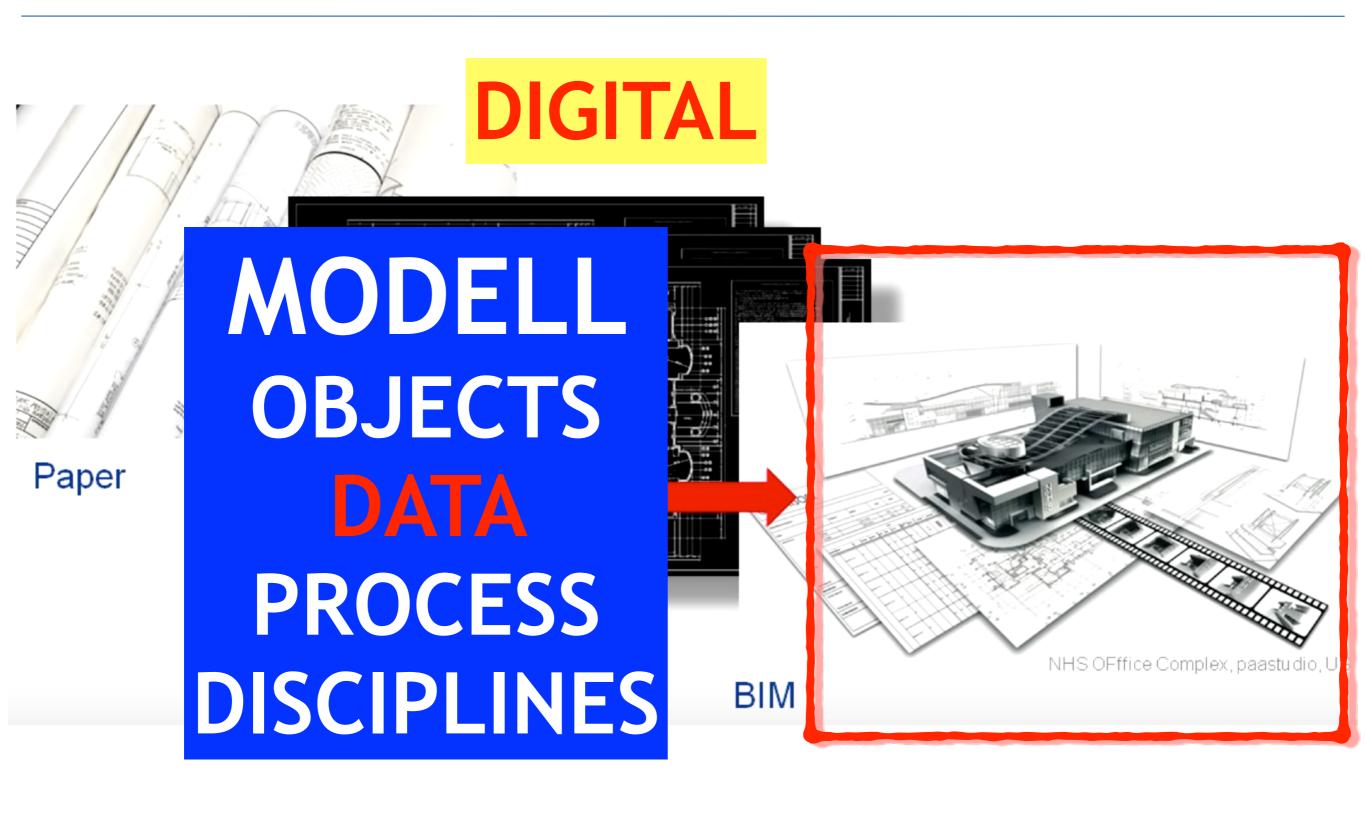


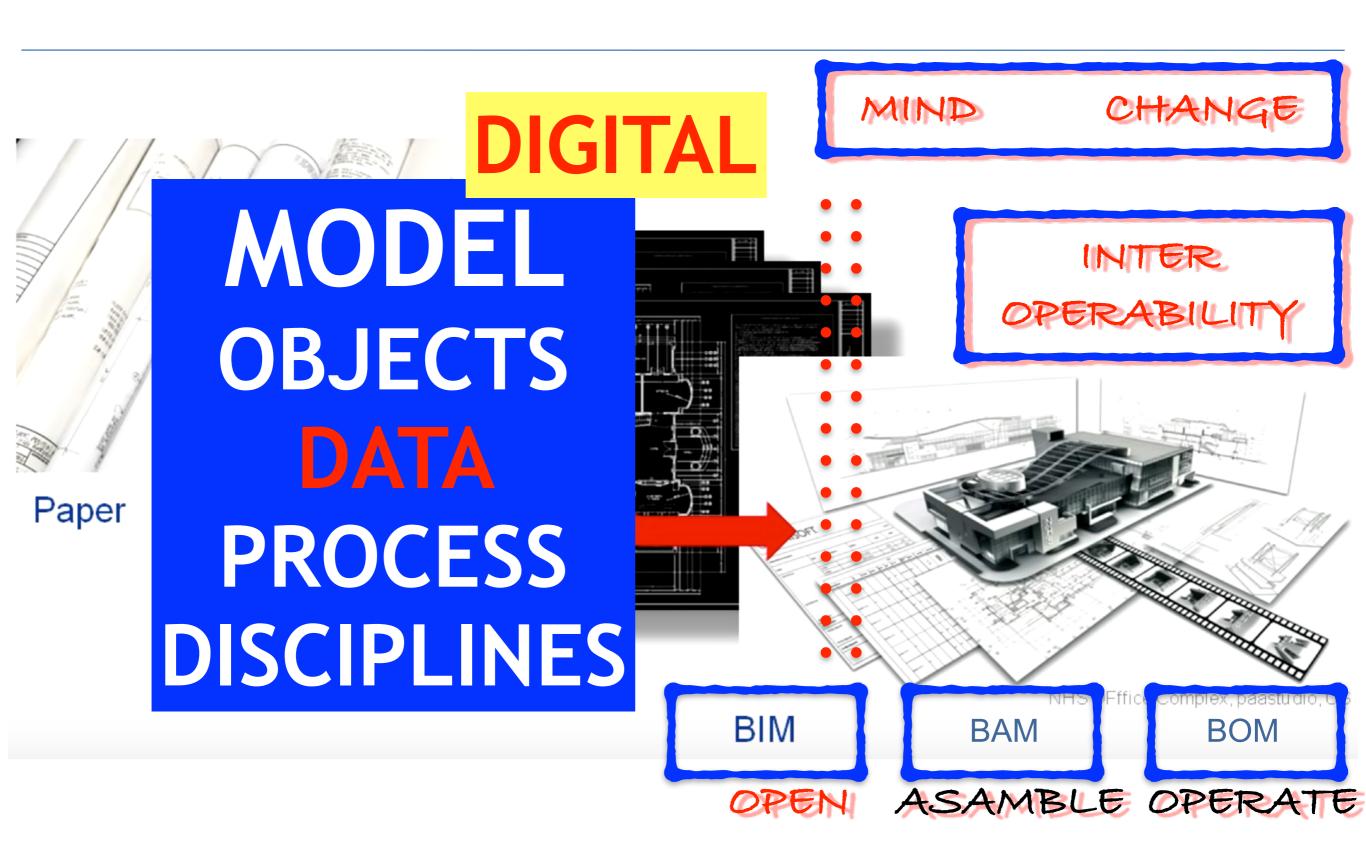


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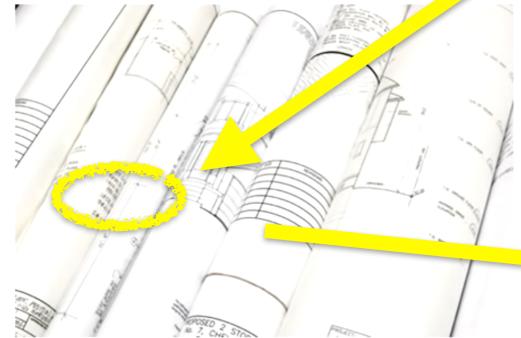




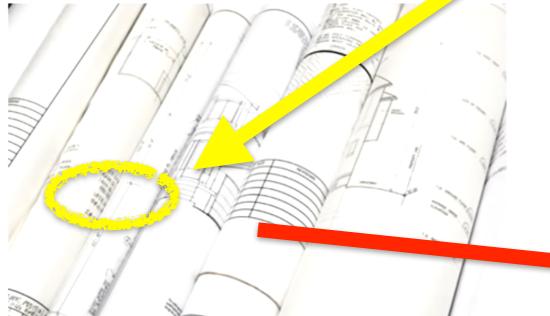




DIGITAL







MIND CHANGE



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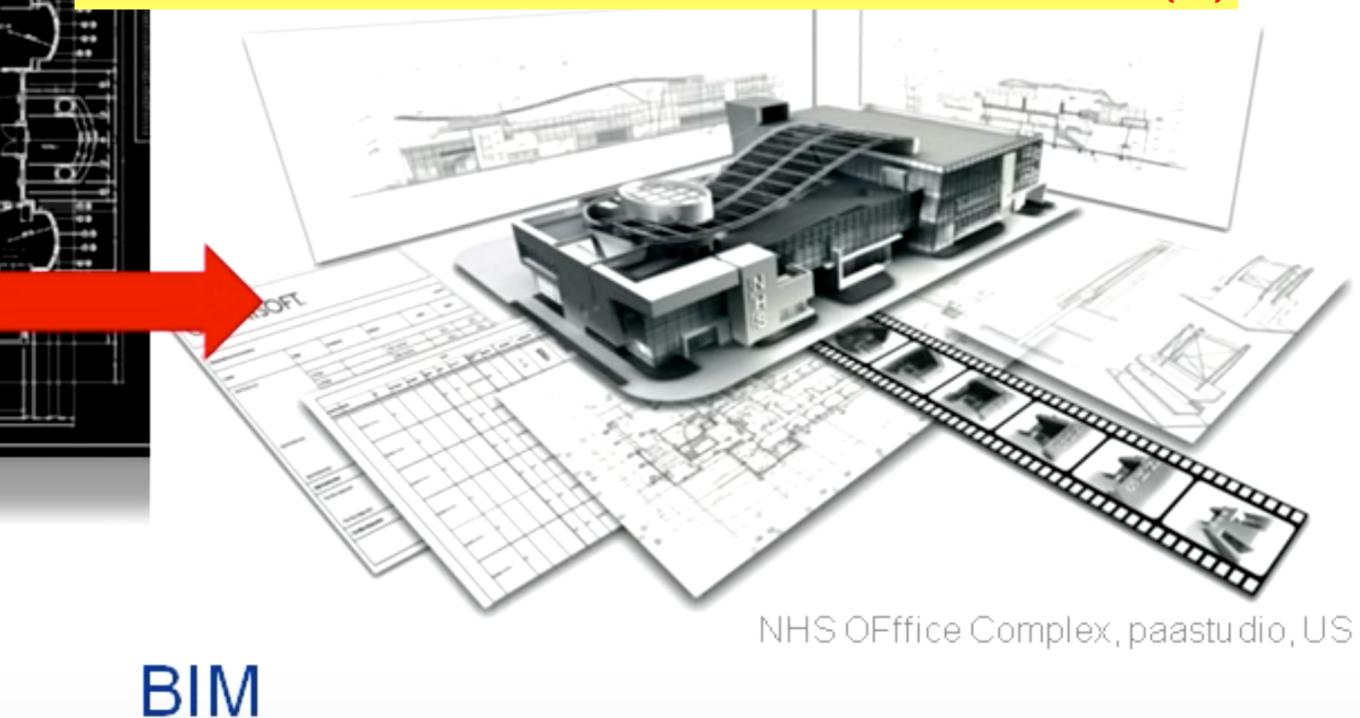
 definicja cyklu życia– należy przez to rozumieć wszelkie możliwe kolejne lub powiązane fazy istnienia przedmiotu dostawy, usługi lub roboty budowlanej, w szczególności: badanie, rozwój, projektowanie przemysłowe, testowanie, produkcję, transport, używanie, naprawę, modernizację, zmianę, utrzymanie przez okres istnienia, logistykę, szkolenie, zużycie, wyburzenie, wycofanie i usuwanie,

Nazwa	LEGO 2x4
Klasyfikacja	Klocek
Długość	31.8 mm
Szerokość	15.8 mm
Wysakość	11.4 mm
Masa	3.1 g
Kolor	Czerwony
Material	Plastik
Wytrzymałość	35 MPa
Przenikalność cieplna	0,70 W/m²K
Gwarancja	2 lata
Producent	Lego Systems A/S
Kontakt	service@lego.dk 79 50 60 70
	WV
Kod IFC	

Life cycle phases:

- inception
- design
- construction
- operation
- renovation
- recycling

Building information modelling -Level of information need -Concepts and principles ISO 7817.2:2023(E)



BUILDING Modelowanie informacji o obiekcie budowlanym INFORMATION Poziom potrzeby informacyjnej MODELling Koncepcje i zasady

- **ISO 7817**
- 5.1 Framework to specify the level of information need
- 5.2 consider purpose (WHY)
- 5.3 consider information delivery milestone (WHEN)
- 5.4 consider actors (WHO)
- 5.5 consider objects (WHAT)

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - purpose

The purposes is specified to **clarify (WHY)** the information is **needed**. Level of Information Need for the **purposes that is required** for.

The level of information need does not specify the purposes. <u>The same purpose</u>, the geometrical information, alphanumerical information and documentation can <u>vary for different objects</u>.

For accessibility analysis, properties such as the clear opening width of a door, its location, the position and shape of the handle are needed.

Other properties, such as <u>the name of the manufacturer</u> and the acquisition cost, are not relevant to fullfil the purpose. For **cost analysis** purpose, <u>the acquisition cost</u> of a door is needed, but the appearance of the handle is not relevant. For **rendering** purpose, <u>the geometrical appearance of a door</u> is relevant, while <u>the name of the manufacturer and the acquisition cost</u> are not.

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - purpose

<u>Purpose</u> should not be explicit to all actors in some cases (security reasons). In those cases, the purpose should be considered as "not disclosed" and <u>only authorized actors</u> should be informed.

Purposes can be extracted from (IOR) Organizational Information Requirements, (PIR) Project Information Requirements (AIR) Asset Information Requirements as described in ISO 19650-1:2018, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 and ISO 19650-2:2019

At information delivery milestone, the same Level of Information Need required for an object can be used <u>for different purposes</u>.

In concept design, the same geometry information of a block can be used for clash detection and for quantity take off.

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - delivery milestone

In specifying the Level of Information Need, information delivery milestones shall be considered.

The information delivery milestones (time axis) should be specified to **clarify (WHEN)** the information is needed.

The Level of Information Need does not specify the information delivery milestones.

At the same information delivery milestone, the geometrical, alphanumerical and documentation can vary for different objects.

For accessibility analysis, usually the same Level of Information Need is required at different milestones.

For energy analysis, different level of information need is required at different milestones.

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - actors

In specifying the Level of Information Need, actors (WHO) require and deliver the information shall be considered.

The Level of Information Need does not specify the actor(s).

The same Level of Information Need can be required by <u>different actors at milestone</u> to fullfil <u>different purposes</u>.

Different Level of Information Need can be required by <u>different actors</u> at milestone to fullfil <u>the same purpose</u>.

At different milestones, especially in the concept phase, the actor responsible to deliver specified Level of Information Need might not be specified.

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - actors

A client might ask for a specific Level of Information Need for an object at an agreed information delivery milestone without specifying who needs to deliver it. In this case supply chain is free to assign responsibilities as preferred.

<u>Different actors are responsible</u> for different Level of Information Need at the same information delivery <u>milestone</u> to fullfil the same purpose.

For design purposes, at agreed information delivery milestone, a wall in a project can be made up of a structural element, architectural cladding and air duct penetration with air duct passing through penetration. Mechanical, electrical and plumbing engineers are responsible to provide reliable information concerning sizing of duct and associated desired penetration sizing so that structural and architectural teams can continue to validate wall structure and cladding design.

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - objects

In specifying the Level of Information Need, <u>the objects</u> within a breakdown structure for <u>the information delivery</u> shall be considered.

The Level of Information Need does not specify the objects within a breakdown structure.

To specify the Level of Information Need, <u>the considered</u> <u>objects</u> within <u>breakdown structure</u> should be specified, identifying the semantic, functional and/or spatial decomposition of the project into objects (spaces and construction elements are identified) or any other breakdown structure.

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - objects

Based on the purpose, the Level of Information Need is related to (WHAT) :

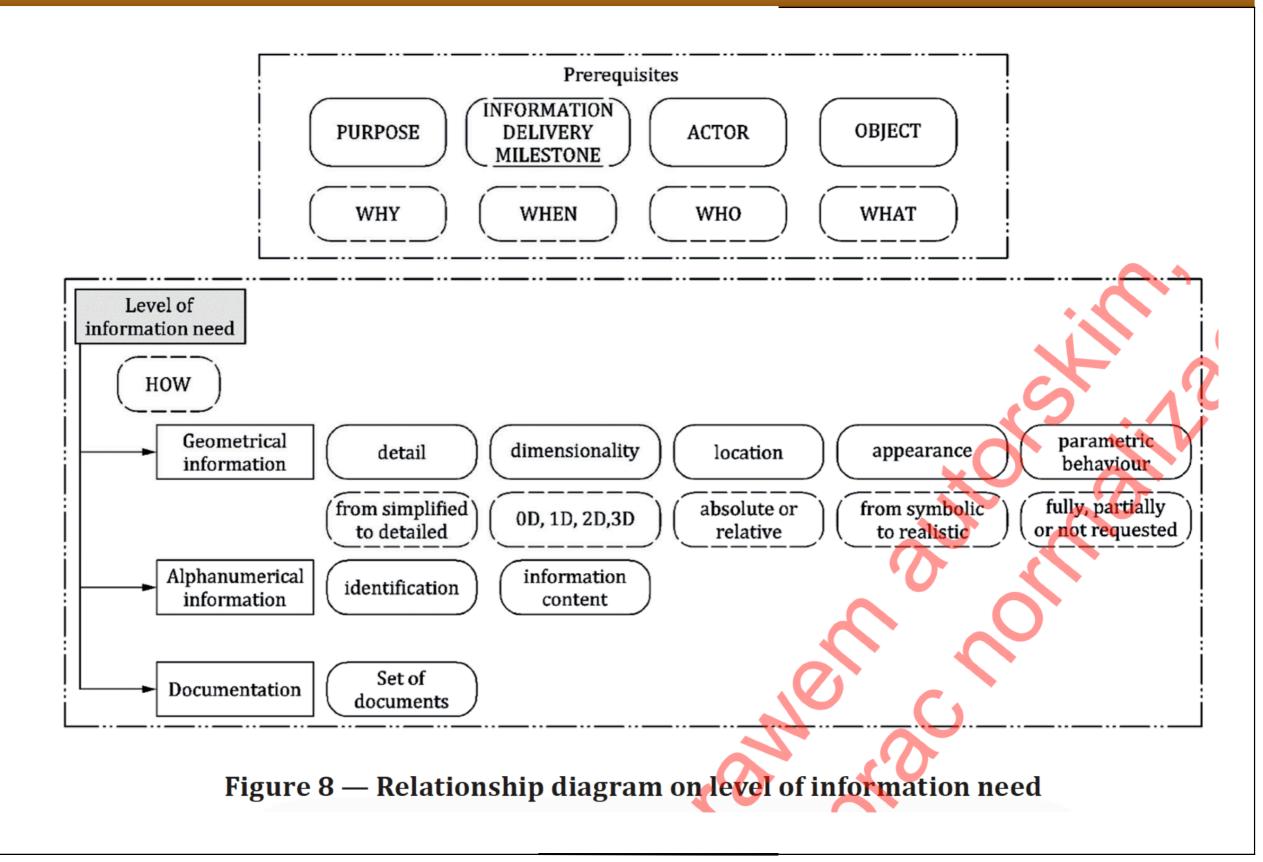
- Construction results (spaces, construction complexes, construction entities and construction elements)
- Construction information (information model, building model, specification, documentation, diagram)
 Breakdown structures can follow a classification system, systems engineering principles or a federation strategy.

<u>Different purposes</u> can require different breakdown structures and processed decompositions.

To fullfil the <u>purpose of cost estimation</u> during construction phase, <u>breakdown structure can be different from breakdown</u> <u>structure required for scheduling</u>.

	JILDING FORMATION	Building information modelling - Level of information need -	
•M(ODELling	Concepts and principles	
ISO 7	817	Terms and definitions	
3.11 inf	ormation = meanin	gful data	
3.12	geometrical int	formation = information expressed using geometry	
3.10	geometry =	= shape, size, and location of an object	
3.9	object = any part of the perceivable or conceivable world		
3.13	alphanumerical information = information expressed using characters, digits and symbols or tokens		
3.14	documentation	n = collection of documents related to a given subject	
3.4	information model = set of structured and unstructured information containers		
3.1		ainer = named persistent set of information retrievable m within a file, system or application storage hierarchy	
3.15		verable = information container used to full-fil an appointment	

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - prerequisities &



Building information modelling — Level of information need — Concepts and principles — ISO 7817.2:2023(E)

INFORMATION STRUCTURE

GEOMETRICAL	ALPHANUMERICAL	DOCUMENTATION
detail	identification	reoports
dimesionality	content	specifications
location		manuals
appearance		photographs
parametric behav		hand-draw
		signed
		hard copies

	INFORMATION STRUCTUR	E
GEOMETRICAL	ALPHANUMERICAL	DOCUMENTATION
detail	identification	reoports
dimesionality	content	specifications
location		manuals
appearance		photographs
parametric behav		hand-draw
		signed
		hard copies

2D / 3D **INFORMATION STRUCTURE GEOMETRICAL** detail content location appearance parametric behav

an aspect describes the complexity of geometry compared to the real-world object

a continuum ranging from simplified to detailed

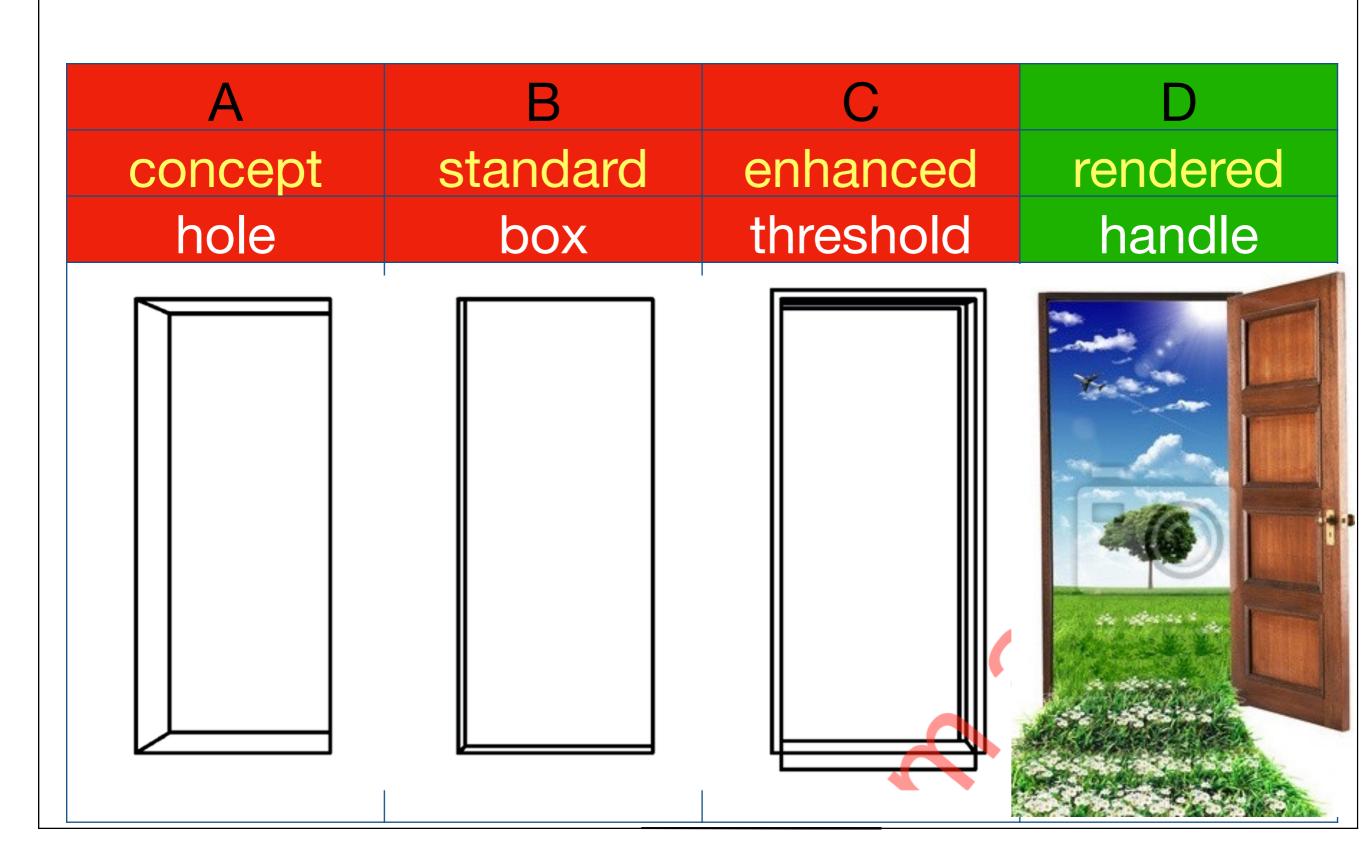
more refined geometric representations can contain more features, and/or be more decomposed, thereby being a better approximation of the shape of the real-world object

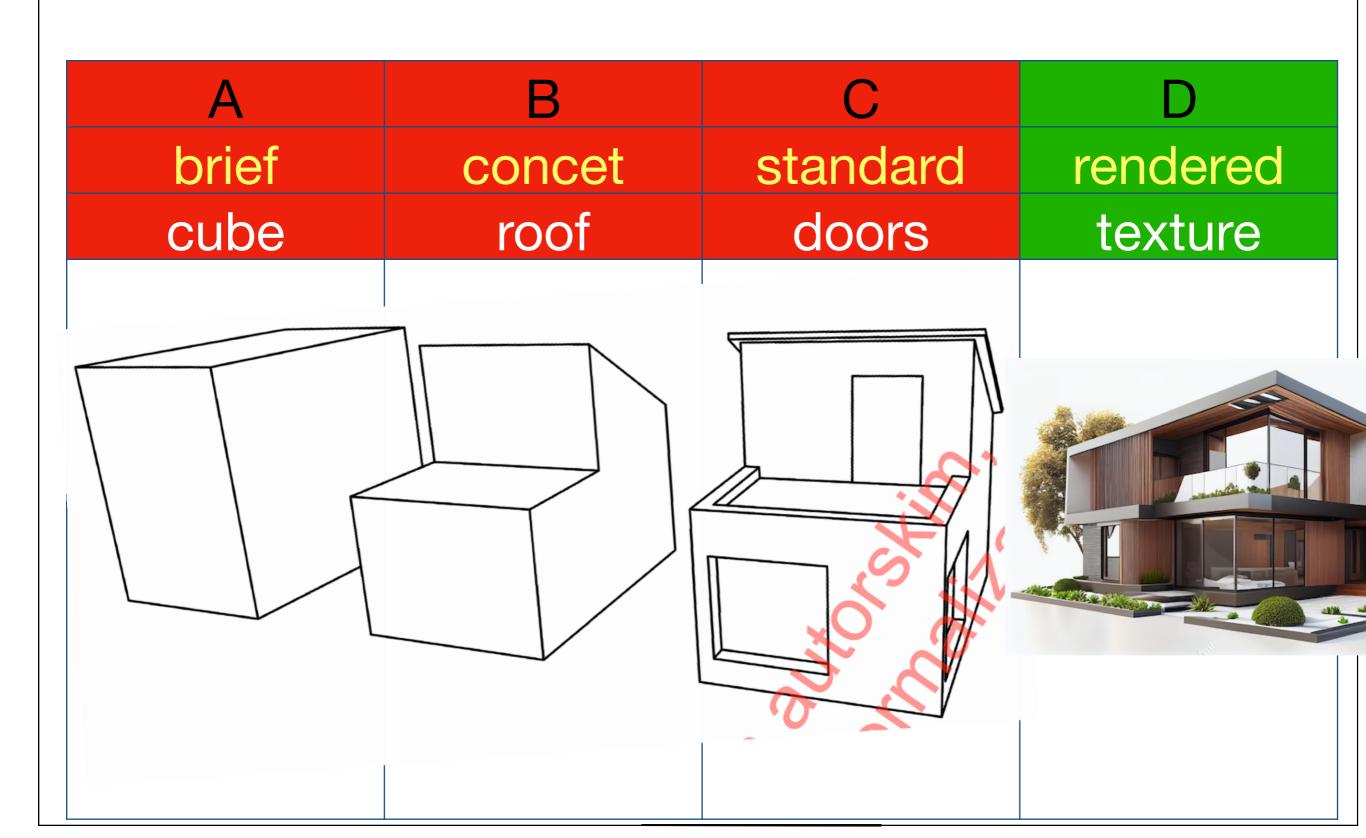
Detail of the door can be different, depending

- on the required purpose
- on information delivery milestones
- on appointing and appointed parties
- on objects within a breakdown structure

<u>concept design simple detail of the door can be represented</u>

 (A) as hole in the wall to support structural analysis standard design simple the door can be represented
 (B) as box representing the door panel for asset and facility management during operation enhanced design detail adds the different components,
 (C) as threshold and casing for clash detection artistic and rendered design door can be represented
 (D) as handle and glazing for visualization





INFORMATIONSTRUCTURE2D/3DGEOMETRICALDIMENSIONALITY

A number of spatial dimensions characterize the object: zero-dimensional — 0D (location point) one-dimensional — 1D (line, curve, path) two-dimensional — 2D (surface, face) three-dimensional — 3D (body, volume)

quantity take off purpose dimensionality of a pipe clash detection purpose dimensionality of a pipe parcel management dimensionality of a road dimensionality of a road furniture planning dimensionality of a bed for accessibility analysis

1D pipe axis length

3D body object

2D surface object area 3D ground substrate volume

2D plane object 3D body object

INFORMATIONSTRUCTURE2D/3DGEOMETRICALLOCATION

Location describes the **position** and **orientation** of an object.

Location is **absolute**,

against reference point, absolute location of an object can be expressed by its position and orientation in <u>reference system</u> based on grids, alignment or reference point (survey point in a coordinate reference system)

Location is **relative**,

relative location of an object against another object, position and orientation in terms of **topological relationships**

INFORMATIONSTRUCTURE2D/3DGEOMETRICALAPPEARANCE

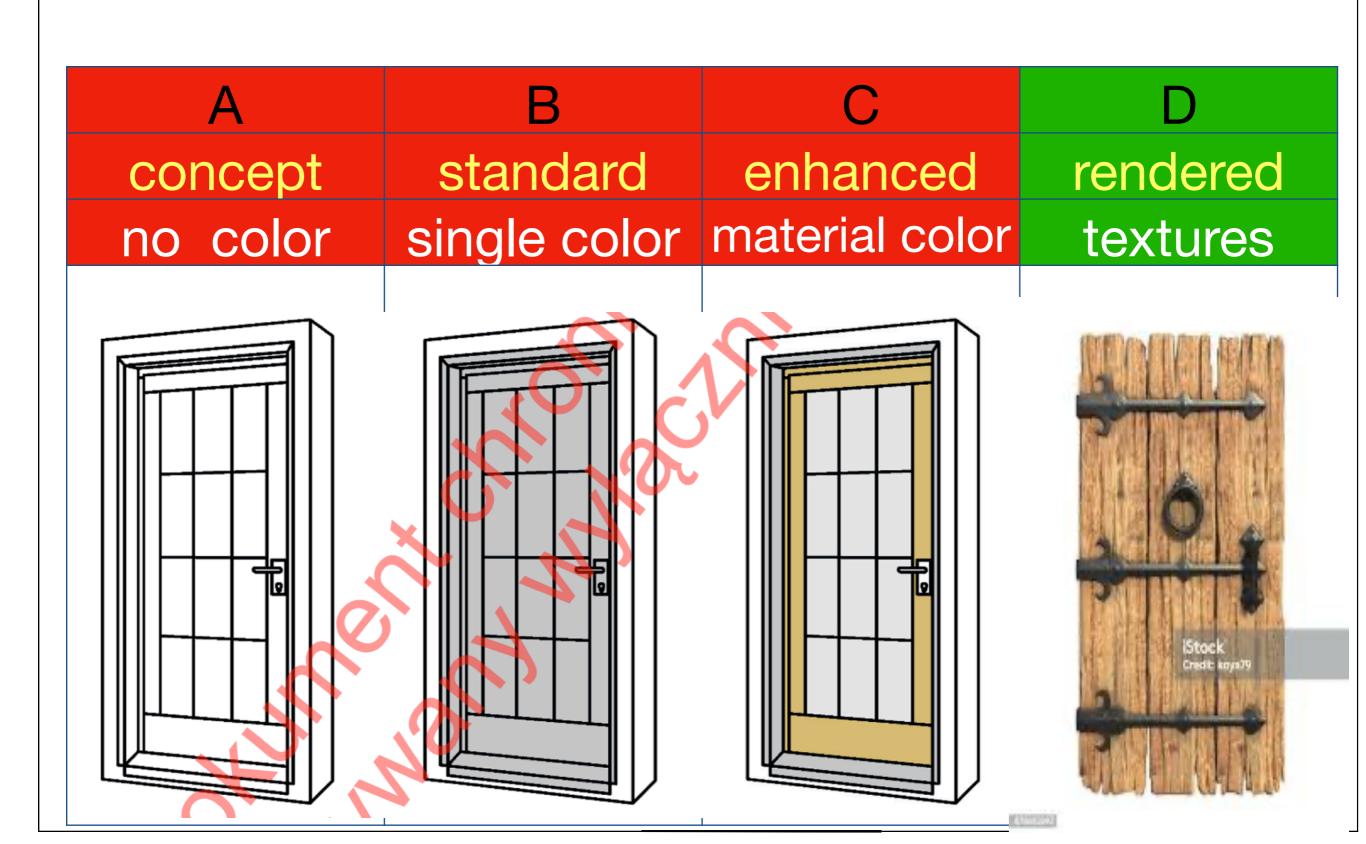
Appearance describes the visual representation of an object.



a continuum ranging from symbolic to realistic compared to the real-world object.

more refined appearance can contain shading attributes (diffuse color, transparency, reflectance, emissivity), being a better approximation of the visual characteristic of the real world object.

INFORMATION STRUCTURE 2D/3D GEOMETRICAL APPEARANCE



INFORMATIONSTRUCTURE2D/3DGEOMETRICALPARAMETRIC BEHAVIOUR

describes whether or not the **shape, position and orientation** is created or to the context, into which the object is placed, allowing full or partial re

geometry types can allow parametric behaviors to a certain degree:

<u>explicit geometry</u> — definition of shape as boundary representations
 (vertices, edges and faces) with no modification of the shape by other parameter
 <u>constructive geometry</u> — definition of shape as constructive solid geometry
 based on geometric primitives and swept solids that allow for modification
 of the shape by shape parameters;

 parametric geometry — definition of a singular shape or an assembly of shapes by equations that provide values for the shape parameters allowing for shape modifications based on object or context

object can be transferred as part of the **information delivery** or not. in the context of information exchange,

parametric behavior can be fully, partially or not requested.

	INFORMATION STRUCTUR	F
	INFURINATION STRUCTUR	
GEOMETRICAL	ALPHANUMERICAL	DOCUMENTATION
detail	identification	reports
dimesionality	content	specifications
location		manuals
appereance		photographs
parametric behav		hand-draw
		signed
		hard copies

A-Z / 1-100

identification

content

	L.
Nazwa	LEGO 2x4
Klasyfikacja	Klocek
Długość	31.8 mm
Szerokość	15.8 mm
Wysakość	11.4 mm
Masa	3.1 g
Kolar	Czerwony
Material	Plastik
Wytrzymałość	35 MPa
Przenikalność	0,70 W/m ² K
cieplna	
Gwarancja	2 lata

INFORMATION STRUCTURE A-Z / 1-100 ALPHANUMERICAL IDENTIFICATION

position an **object** within a breakdown **structure**

- name,
- type name,
- classification,
- Codification,
- reference structuring,
- Index,
- numbering,

.

INFORMATION STRUCTURE A-Z/1-100 ALPHANUMERICAL CONTENT

Properties can be grouped to facilitate information management

- 1 <u>concept design</u> could specify a presence of only objects identified as external walls and an information containing
 - name of the type classification
 - property load bearing indicating if the object is
- 2 <u>standard design</u> based on the chosen breakdown structure for
 - All objects with common type
 - sets of objects with similar properties
 - objects based on individual types
- 3 <u>quantity take-off</u> for all objects can include
 - type name code breakdown structure
 - volume or area used to identify objects with a specific purpose
- 4 cost estimation of the structure for
 - In the only retained objects with property load bearing
- 5 <u>final handover</u> for operational purpose specify a presence of
 - All objects identified as requiring maintenance.
- 6 <u>operation</u> extensive content product, manufacturer and warranty

BUILDING INFORMATION MODELling DOCS

I	NFORMATION STRUCTURI	E
GEOMETRICAL	ALPHANUMERICAL	DOCUMENTATION
create	order	reports
generate	transmit	specifications
deliver	exchange	manuals
specify	process	photographs
model	present	hand-draw
read	manage	signed
versione	modify	hard copies

reports

specifications

manuals

photographs

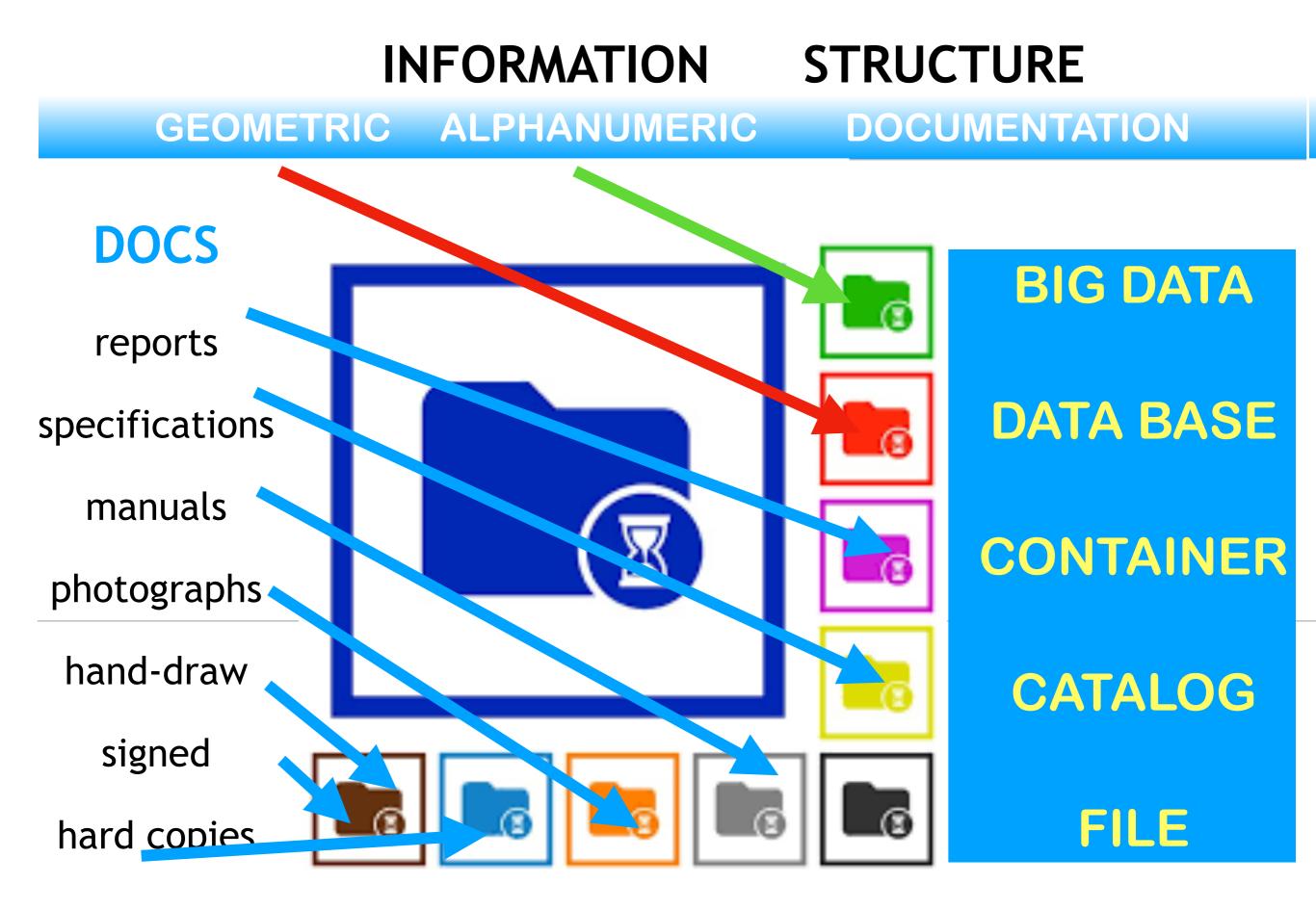
hand-draw

signed

hard copies

INFORMATION STRUCTURE DOCUMENTATION





LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - prerequisities &

GEOMETRICAL, ALPHANUMERICAL, DOCUMENTATION can be processed from each other

Geometrical information can be processed from Alphanumerical information create BIM model objects from numerical data

Alphanumerical information can be processed from Geometrical information dimensions and distances between objects

Documentation (photo, video) can be processed from Geometrical information

views copied, extracted and recorded from BIM model

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - prerequisities &

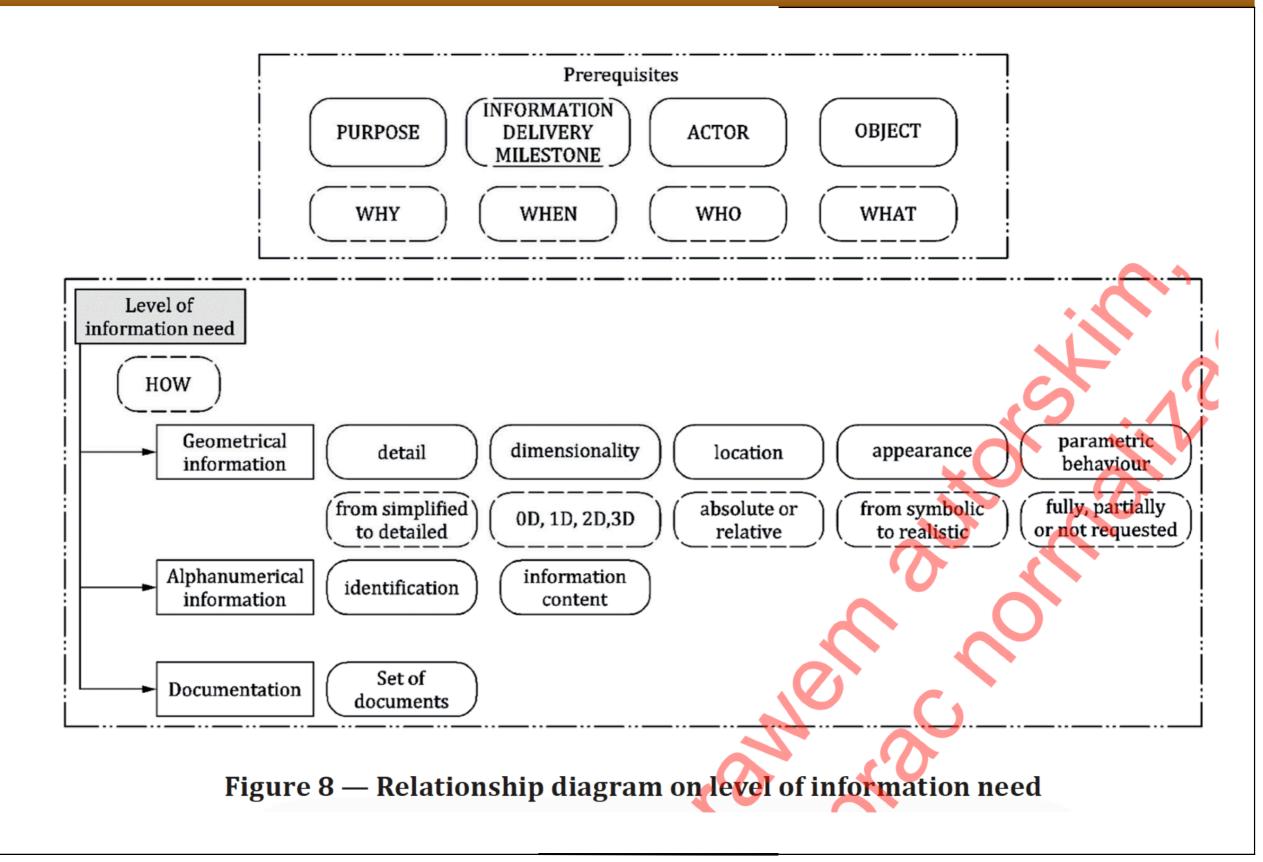
GEOMETRICAL, ALPHANUMERICAL, DOCUMENTATION can be derived from each other

The nominal width of a road as alphanumerical information can steer the generation of the geometrical representation of the road.

Documentation can be derived from alphanumerical information.

Schedules extracted from an information model and recorded as an external document.

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - prerequisities &



LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - WALL example prerequisities

To enable the visualization of the preliminary design works, the surveyor provides the following information relating to the WALL to the designer using classification: ISO 16739, ISO 81346-12, Omniclass, Uniclass, CoClass, CCI. Level of Information Need (HOW)

- Geometrical information:
 - (detail)
 - (dimensionality)
 - (location)
 - (appearance)
 - (parametric behaviour)
- Alphanumerical information:
 - (identification)
 - (content)
 - Documentation:
 - (set of documents)

requested requested requested requested requested not requested requested requested requested not requested not requested

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - WALL example prerequisities.

To enable the visualization of the preliminary design works, the surveyor provides the following information relating to the **WALL** to the designer using classification: ISO 16739, ISO 81346-12, Omniclass, Uniclass, CoClass, CCI. Level of Information Need (HOW)

- Geometrical information:
 - ♦ (detail)
 - (dimensionality)
 - (location)

volume with openings

- 3D space
- absolute reference
- (appearance) realistic with texture of materials
- (parametric behaviour) not requested
- Alphanumerical information:
 - (identification)
 - ♦ (content)
- Documentation:
 - (set of documents)
- wall type type, name, property
 - not requested

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - blank prerequisities

	Pr	erequisi	tes			Level of information need				
Why Purpose	When Information delivery milestone	Actor	ho Actor (Delivering)		nat Breakdown structure	5	How			
			G		N°		Detail			
				2		Geometrical information	Dimensionality			
							Location			
			0	, /			Appearance			
							Parametric behaviour			
						Alphanumerical information	Identification			
							Information content			
						Documentation	Set of documents			
Figure B.3 — Example1 blank table										

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - WALL example

	Pr	erequisi	tes			Level of information need		
Why	Why When Who		What					
Purpose	Information delivery milestone	Actor (Requesting)	Actor (Delivering)	Object	Breakdown structure	How		
Visualization	Preliminary Design	Preliminary Design Lead appointed party - Designer Surveyor	ırveyor	Surveyor Wall	Classification	Geometrical information	Detail	Simplified volume representation including openings
							Dimensionality	3D
							Location	Absolute
							Appearance	Realistic with texture of materials
			Sı				Parametric behaviour	Not requested
						Alphanumerical information	Identification	Wall type
							Information content	Туре,
						Documentation	Set of documents	Not requested

Figure B.4 — Example1 populated table for "wall" object

LEVEL of INFORMATION NEED - verification and validation

Concepts and principles of ISO 7817-2: 2023(E) standard allows the verification that specifying Level of Information Need has been fulfilled, conforming the prerequisites and its incorporation in the Exchange Information Requirements (EIR) and Information Delivery Plan (IDP).

Verification and validation can be performed when an information deliverable has been provided according to specified Level of Information Need, Exchange Information Requirements and its associated acceptance criteria. Level of Information Need should be specified in a way to allow both manual and machine interpretable verification and validation processes and/ or schemas. Machine interpretable specification of Level of Information Need reduces time and human errors, when verifying and validating information deliverables.

Level of Information Need should be specified in a clear and unambiguous way to avoid any kind of different interpretation of the same requirement. Verification of information deliverables against the Level of Information Need can support checking the presence of objects (building, space, door), geometrical information (location, dimensionality), alphanumerical information (fire resistance, expected life, exposition class), documentation (building permit, manuals, warranties).

The verification of an information deliverable can check the presence of the fire resistance property for each object that requires such a check (fire door). Validation of information deliverables against the Level of Information Need ensures that the provided geometrical information, alphanumerical information and documentation can be used for the purpose they have been specified for.

The validation of an information deliverable can check that the value of the fire resistance property is a time based value or similar according to national legislations. Reliability and tolerance can be added to geometrical information, alphanumerical information and documentation. Completeness of verification criteria is included within ISO 19650-4:2022, term 7.6.

BIM acronym

three different, but related functions

Official definition presented by BuildingSMART International January 31, 2012

DEFINICJE BIModell

is the DIGITAL REPRESENTATION of physical and functional characteristics of a facility. As such it serves as a shared knowledge resource for information about a facility, forming a reliable basis for decisions during its life-cycle from inception onwards.

jest to CYFROWY OPIS fizycznych i funkcjonalnych właściwości budowli, służący jako źródło wiedzy i wszelkich **informacji budowlanych**, dostępny dla uczestników procesu inwestycyjnego i stanowiący niezawodną podstawę dla podejmowania decyzji w trakcie cyklu życia, od koncepcji do rozbiórki budynku.

DEFINICJE BIModelling

is a BUSINESS PROCESS for generating and leveraging building data to design, construct and operate the building during its lifecycle. BIM allows all stakeholders to have access to the same information at the same time through interoperability between technology platforms.

jest to PROCES TWÓRCZY generowania i wykorzystania **danych** o obiekcie budowlanym, jego projektowaniu, budowie i eksploatacji w trakcie pełnego cyklu życia. BIM pozwala, aby wszyscy zainteresowani uczestnicy inwestycji mieli dostęp do tych samych **informacji**, w tym samym czasie, przez interoperacyjność platform technologicznych.

DEFINICJE BIManagement

is the ORGANIZATION and CONTROL of the business process by the utilizing of information in the digital prototype to effect the sharing of information over the entire lifecycle of an asset. The benefits include centralized and visual communication, early exploration of options, sustainability, efficient design, integration of disciplines, site control, as built documentation, effectively developing an asset lifecycle process and model from conception to final retirement.

jest to ORGANIZACJA i KONTROLA procesów inwestycyjnych poprzez wykorzystanie parametrów cyfrowego modelu budynku dla dokonywania wymiany informacji o składnikach aktywów w całym cyklu życia. Korzyści wynikają z scentralizowanej i wizualnej komunikacji poprzez obiekty trójwymiarowe, wczesnego rozpoznania możliwości, ze zrównoważonego i efektywnego, interdyscyplinarnego i interaktywnego projektowania, kontroli w trakcie i na miejscu budowy, aktualizacji dokumentacji do stanu rzeczywistego (zmiany projektowe, podczas budowy oraz w trakcie eksploatacji), efektywnego rozwoju aktywów i modelu cyfrowego w cyklu życia od koncepcji do rozbiórki budynku.

BUILDING INFORMATION MODELLING MODELOWANIE DANYCH BUDOWLANYCH

